

1099 Contractor or W2 Employee?

HOW DOES THE IRS DETERMINE THE TAX STATUS + FILING OF YOUR WORKERS?

ARE YOUR WORKERS CORRECTLY CLASSIFIED AND MANAGED FOR YOUR BUSINESS TAXES?

THIS WORKSHEET WILL HELP YOU FIGURE IT OUT!



Is your worker a 1099 or a W2?

In general, if someone works for you short term + on a project basis without benefits, they are considered a 1099 independent contractor. But what happens when you have a recurring relationship with a worker who only performs work for you? That's where the line starts to blur - and the burden is on the business to classify correctly.



How can you tell the difference?

Again, the line blurs a lot between the two (even the IRS sometimes struggles with the difference!) However, a 1099 contractor generally behaves and interacts differently than a W2 employee. (Check out the following page for more detailed comparisons on the differences between the two.)



Still not sure if he's 1099 or W2?

If it's still unclear after going through the checklist on the following page, the safest choice is to err on the side of classifying him as a W2 employee and treating him as such. (This will protect you from a LOT of potential fines and penalties in the future.) If you're still unclear, you can complete IRS form SS-8, and they'll give you an official determination on the worker's status.

Of course, feel free to send us a message with any questions you may have - we'd love to help!







1099 Contractor or W2 Employee?

A COMPARISON TO HELP YOU FIGURE OUT WHICH ONE YOUR WORKER IS*

	contractor	1099 W2	employee
BEHAVIORAL	As the business, do you have the right to control how and when they work?		
Schedule	The worker defines the schedule and set hours that the work will be performed	\longleftrightarrow	The company defines the schedule and set hours that the worker performs the work
Training	The worker pays for + provides the training for the job	\longleftrightarrow	The company pays for + provides training for the job
Location	Worker is free to work where they choose, as long as the work gets done as agreed	\longleftrightarrow	The company defines where the work must be performed (usually on premises)
FINANCIAL	Who controls the worker's salary, and pays for their training and supplies?		
Equipment	The worker provides the equipment for the job	\longleftrightarrow	The company provides the equipment for the job
Reimbursement	Worker responsible to pay business + travel expenses, unless contract states otherwise	\longleftrightarrow	Employer pays for business and travel expenses
Compensation	Paid a flat fee or hourly rate, invoiced to the company	\longleftrightarrow	Paid via payroll, based upon pay type
Overtime	Not eligible for overtime pay (as outlined by the Dept. of Labor)	\longleftrightarrow	Eligible for overtime pay depending on job classification + hours worked
RELATIONSHIP Is there a written contract? Is the relationship ongoing? Are there employee-type benefits?			
Control	The method of completion is left to the discretion of the worker, as along as end result is met	←→	The company defines the order of operation and method for completing project
Exclusivity	Performs services for multiple persons or firms at the same time	\longleftrightarrow	Works solely for a single person or company
Time	Working on a temporary or limited project(s) and free to offer services to the general public	←→	Hired for long-term work over an extended period of time, and can be restricted from other work